

中

飛行

風景

都会に放された青年がふるさとの海にいざれをした」と新潟さん。この間、彼は「南の海でロマンを探すダイバー」として、高校時代の夢を叶えた。高校時代は、十九歳の時に「喜八郎」と名乗った。十九歳の時に「喜八郎」と名乗った。

新 喜八郎さん 1947年6月10日生まれ



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都会捨て、離島の海に夢

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カジキマグロが回遊し 巨大遺跡も横たわる

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新　　舊　　詩

(資料) 1999年版(平成11年)の第1回目(の題目)



◎海底に現れた巨大岩、伊力所も鉄角に切り取られたようなその姿は太古の神跡を想起させまる。◎大きな岩と岩を組んだ形の海底トンネル。石室の中に入り込んだよう一沖満。八重島から那須町向川温泉の温泉までアートで

沖縄・与那国島沖

自然物か 人工物か

二万年ほどのこと、九州から琉球まで、台風をほとんど

海底神殿

沈黙のロマン

な調子が十日にはたつてゐる



与那国の「海底遺跡」

「人造の証拠ないが貴重」「人造の証拠ないが貴重」との意味通り、既に「人造」として認められており、その遺跡は「人造遺跡」として記載される。しかし、その構造や形態から「古代の遺跡」として記載されるべきである。そこで、この遺跡は「人造遺跡」として記載されるべきである。

調査や保存協力へ

「人造の証拠ないが貴重」

琉大 考古学者参加しシンポ

琉大考古学者が、沖縄県立博物館・美術館で開催された「琉球の歴史と文化」シンポジウムに参加した。琉大考古学部の井上洋一准教授は、「琉球の歴史と文化」シンポジウムに参加した。琉大考古学部の井上洋一准教授は、「琉球の歴史と文化」シンポジウムに参加した。

天然物 or 人工物？

琉球の歴史と文化

木村琉大教授の調査団

「十字」刻んだ石版発見



与那国島の海底構造物で

木村琉大教授の調査団は、沖縄本島から西に約100km離れた与那國島の沖合で、海底構造物を調査する過程で、海底に沈む石版に「十」字の刻印が見つかった。この石版は、直径約30cm、厚さ約5cmの黒い花崗岩で、表面には苔が生えている。刻印は、約1cmの深さで、石版の中心部に位置する。木村教授によると、「十」字の刻印は、古くからある伝統的な記号であり、その意味はまだ不明である。しかし、この发现は、沖縄の歴史や文化について新たな知見をもたらす可能性がある。



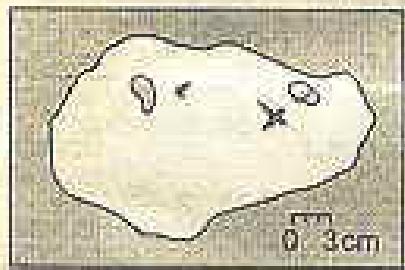
与那國島沖の海底構造物から発見された、「十」字が刻まれた堅船真四

「遺跡説裏付ける」

海底遺跡から石板

表面に「X」「V」印

木村教授
「人工物裏付け」



「海底資源学インター」を調査している木村政昭琉球大学理学部教授は九日、昨第十

「一月に遺跡ボイントで発見された「M」は極めて表面に刻まれてゐる「M」と「P」のまったく形の同じ人工的に彫られた可能性が高いためを発表した。木村教授は「これまで発見されていなかつた遺物が初めて発見された」と述べ、遺跡ボイントが人工的なものであるといふ裏付けになるとみて、さうに遺跡ボイントとの関係を調べていくといふ。

十五日、臨十六日、遠野市
イント白体と同種類のない
い植物の一株でござつて、
る。昨年十一月、大人海底調
査團に協力してゐるダイバー
一らが発見。浮標周辺を川
奥の沖約三百メートル、水深一
二メートルの位置でイントの花
みに埋まれた通路状になつ
ている地處で、埋れた白石の
の周囲から出て來た。一つ
の穴が開いてしまつてから
ダイバーが持ち帰つた。最

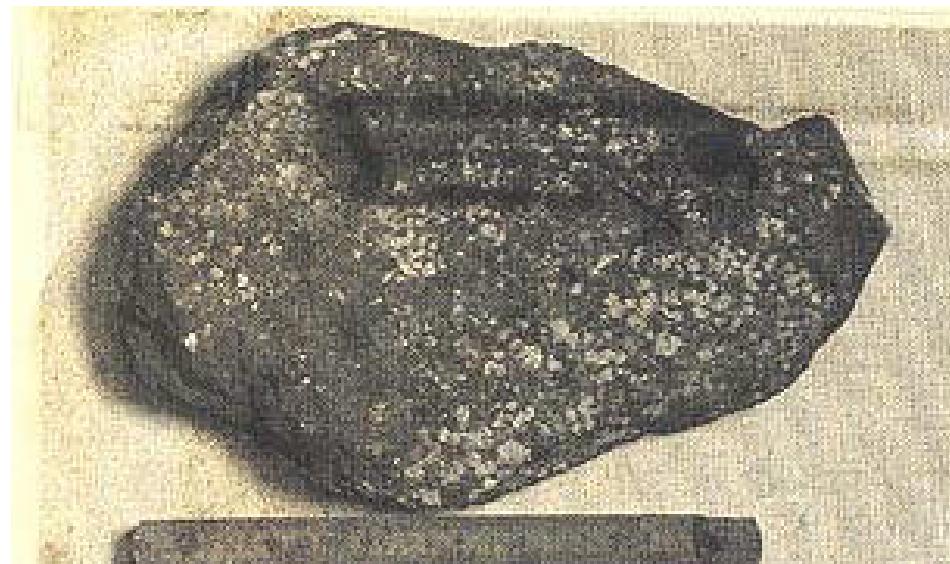
遺跡ボットントは着して
いたさるに連なる時代測
定が、五年年前から十五
百年前の間に形成されたと
みられる。本村教傳は
石板についてのものも
のとあるが、現在石板
に付してゐる花の年代
測定を氣い立つ。

遺跡ホアント(横に着)で
いたる西よりの年代測
定が、五千年前から十五
百年前間に形成されたと
考へられている。木材は松は
石板に「いてむ」の間のも
のであるが、現在石板
に付着している化粧の年代
測定を氣いでいる。

与那国近海

初は分かにだがつたが、洗
浄してみると「×」▽のよ
うな形が出来ていた。土
が分かれ、木材は腐る
しく調べていた。

一つの目的について、生物学者が三内の考古学や生物学、地質学など貢献をもつた結果、『既成人工的なものと認めた』といふ。次については生物による可能性が高いためだ。
遺跡ポイントは付着していた遠心性疎なむの時代測定が、五年前から十五年前の間に形成されたとみられていて、本村修は「石板について」の間のものとみてゐるが、現在石板に対するいわば石の年代測定を急いでいる。



与那国島沖の「海底遺跡」周辺で見つかった石板

琉球大学理学部の木村政昭教授は、沖縄県与那国島近海で、海底遺跡としての海底にある墳丘状構造

与那国

魔よけの符か

海底遺跡から石板

木村 球大
教授が発表

物の周辺から、複数の入った石板が見つかって発表した。このため、同教授は、

海底構造物が人工的に造られた可能性が高くなつたとして、今月末、東京大学海洋研究所で行われるシンポジウムで発表する。

石板は一九九八年十一月、同教授の調査隊のメンバーが潜水中に発見した。

縦約二十五センチ、横約十センチ、厚さ約二センチの石板。表面がV字形に削られたり、丸くくり抜かれたようなど場所がある。同教授は、X字の模様などもあるため、「人が彫った」ものと判断、魔よけの意味や構造物の地図などの可能性もあるとしている。少なくとも十五万年前に作られたらしい。

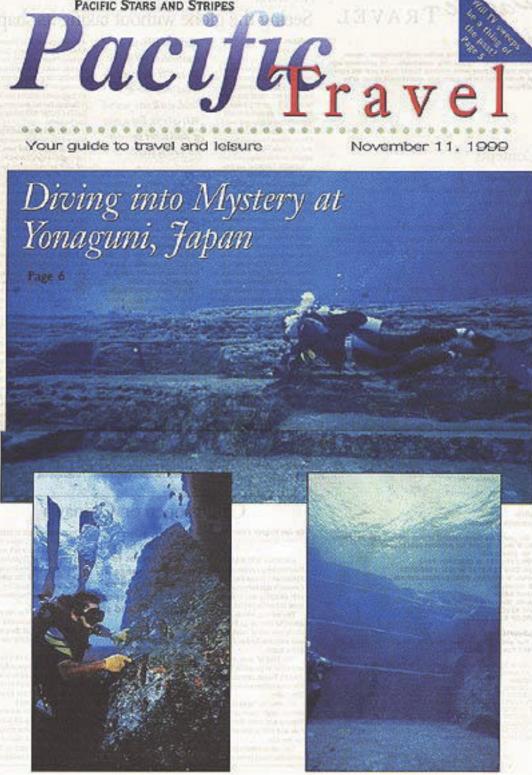
海底構造物は、沖縄県の南約三百㍍の海底に、長さ約一百㍍、幅約四十㍍にわたって広がり、階段や通路のような地形が幾つもある。木村教授は一九七四年、人為的に築かれたとする論説を発表した。

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Pacific Travel
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November 11, 1999

Diving into Mystery at Yonaguni, Japan

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Diving into mystery

The recently found underwater "Monuments" near Yonaguni, Japan, are so far unexplained and a chance for divers to swim into a historical mystery

Day three. Rain. Thunder. Lightning. Our spirits remain as dark as the sky. Morning progresses into more rain, more thunder, more lightning.

We are now aware that we may have to call back home to extend our trip, change plans, beg employers for more time off and even worse, our wives for more money. We have traveled to Yonaguni, Japan, an island 1,600 miles south of Tokyo, the last island and most western point in this country.

It is closer to Taiwan than to its next Japanese neighbor island. We are here to dive on ruins of what is thought to be a sunken city, or Monuments, found eight years ago by local diver Kinechiro Aratake. Now in the darkness of our morning, five divers become even more resolute that we are going to dive these Monuments.

Mr. Aratake reported his findings to several noted geologists and through his personal initiative has created a wonderful dive environment for experienced divers to share in the excitement of this major underwater discovery.

Text and Photographs by John Chandler



The Monuments are accessible only by boat. They lie off a point of land that is sheer cliffs rising 50 yards above the water. Shore diving is out of the question.

Recreational divers are slowly realizing the importance of these Monuments while researchers dive side by side with recreational divers attempting to piece together answers to the mystery of these underwater stone structures. It is living history, making our dive trips to Aratake both educational, exciting and rewarding.

At 10 a.m. the wind shifts, and at noon waves are calmer. The divers' fears become faces gladdened by the sight of the sun. They are on the side of Aratake's boat the "Long Shot," and down on the Monuments. Transportation comes to move us from Aratake Dive Shop, the Southwest.

Divers. The divers tell us that we are heading to the other side of the island. "Aratake, after three days of waiting we are going to give it a shot. Sprites soon. Film gets loaded, batteries charged and cameras are fine. Dive preparations are made.

Following a 20-minute boat ride and now about 10 minutes of preparation, we have a spray to trust in these three days of diving, diving in a rubber diving suit. He warns that the strength of standing currents here on Yonaguni is phenomenal. Puffett goes to the bow and takes a seat. He says they are too strong for anything but streamline divers. He wants me to wear my almost begs us — not to take cameras. My largest and newest rig is reduced to a compact handheld wide angle dual flash rig. Gary Hagland, an experienced SCUBA diver, checks for safety and leaves his rig on the boat and his wife, "C," leaves her video camera and takes a seat. Tony Dees and I go over the side with cameras, but since we are all SCUBA divers, we have no serious concerns as well.

The divermaster drops us into 30 feet of water and says, "Dive and guides us to our first rocky point. At a perfectly cut square tunnel, or perhaps a doorway, we see the monoliths. The current is in our face but navigable. With concern, we pass through the tunnel that opens into a foyeur area.

Here we are protected from

That's a diver around three man-made stone that rise high under more than 10 feet of water and cover more than 3 acres at Yonaguni. Above, divers move along the terrace. Inset: A diver descends the ravine of the current of these currents in these terraces.

caused by the high current. We do this twice. Finally before we are above me is a perfectly cut square monolithic column of limestone. This is something that could have fashioned during some period in our collective past. There is a sharp corner to the left of the column. We again rally, and our guide points toward the sharp corner on our left, writing on his slate in perfect English. "Be

careful for strong currents." The place across the first corner. Nettishly buoyant, we all enjoy a gentle push from the water. The current is strong enough to carry us across the terrace of perfectly cut square corners. Here we get our first taste of the power of the current. We are being carried away with the force of nature. Once stopped, our momentum carries us forward. We are forced to stop the tank (our hand). Once stopped, our momentum carries us forward. We are forced to stop the tank (our hand).

Two divers cruise across terraced limestone that was obviously cut into shapes that only human hands could have made.

feet. The current maintains crystal clarity in the water and our vision is unimpaired. Small bright breaks in the clouds above indicate the accuracy of the right angles cut into the limestone. Is this a man-made structure? What was the purpose of their construction? Not for us to decide. The current is strong. The grandeur, the beauty of these man-made structures that defies a man's ability to create them in their stark angles, to nature's creation of softer and less symmetric forms.

Our guide lands on a ledge overlooking a deep ravine. Water runs very fast in this ravine, following the guide over the ledge and floats weightlessly across the 70-foot drop. The current here as we are crossing may be as wide as 50 yards. The current strength here is phenomenal. Those who did not bring cameras have no regrets. Gazing across the ravine, numerous schools of tropical fish, parrotfish, and schools of blue tangs — their bright yellow tails and golden bodies — are swimming close to the wall opposite our launch point. The landing site is a flat rock where two fighter planes have been arrested on the deck of an aircraft carrier. The current is so strong that it holds the tanks (our hand). Once stopped, our momentum carries us forward. We are forced to stop the tank (our hand).

Two divers cruise across terraced limestone that was obviously cut into shapes that only human hands could have made.

carved perhaps centuries before the birth of Christ.

The gorge is filled with tropical fish flying by or cruising into the current across our fields of view. It is reminiscent of scenes from a Star Wars epic. Streams of bubbles move horizontally, not upward. The force of the current is not understated. The translucent deep blue is inspirational. This is magnificent scenery. What an experience.

We swim slowly into the protection provided by another set of ascending terraces of cut stone. Tropical fish also take refuge from the moving water. Photo opportunities here among these tropics are amazing. The fish actually cooperate, facing the cameras and enabling the possibility of our memories lasting even longer on film.

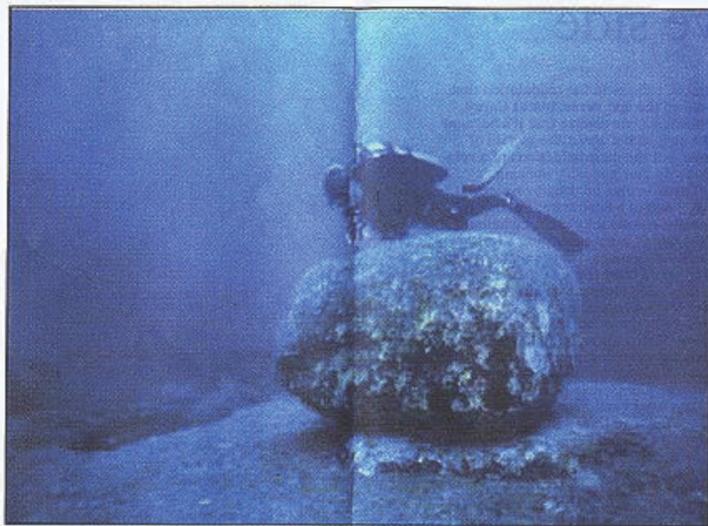
Our ascent is slow as the boat answers a signal from our dive guide. For the first long minute back on the "Long Shot" we remain quiet as we process 37 minutes of excitement. We are in awe for what we have experienced.

Then, the silence is broken and we all erupt in high fives, loud and grandiose descriptions couple with our elation for achieving our goal of diving on the "Monuments of Yonaguni." It is a great feeling when a diver experiences a first ever dive. This is what we are seeking.

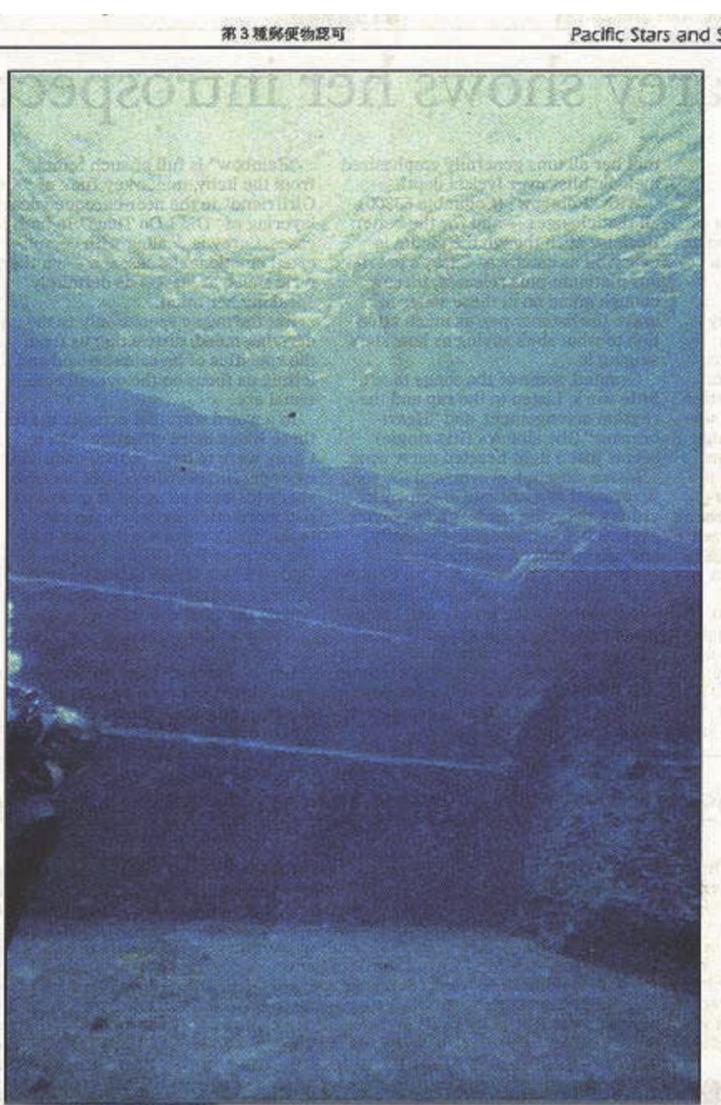
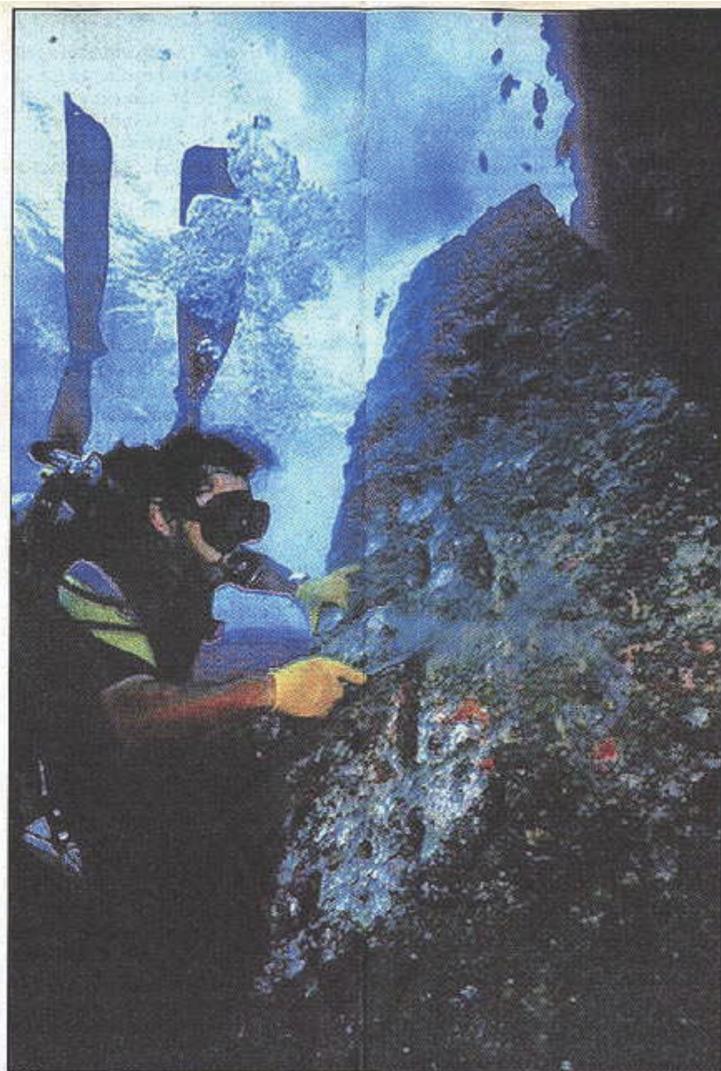
Mr. Aratake takes over the guide duties for our second dive. It becomes as impressive as the first. Sensory overload. The largest tidal movement of the year, which had fueled the energy of our first dive, slackens, allowing video equipment and full sets of camera gear to go over the side.

Our first dive was highlighted with the experiential wonder of it all. This second dive is energized by technical challenges to preserve our memories on film so we may share them with

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Above, diver Doug Bennett ponders how a rock with such round symmetry came to rest atop this perfectly flat table. This "round ball" sits under more than 70 feet of water. Below, dive guide and site discoverer Kihachiro Aratake scrapes away growth to reveal what may be an early form of written language on the side of a 30-foot limestone column.



others. Our second dive is slower, even more magnificent, than our first. We savor the architecture and soak in the grandeur of the Monument's size. Cameras flash constantly as "C" fires off the underwater lighting system on her video system. Pleasant work for everyone.

I watch Gary and Tony record their adventures frame by frame while Doug maintains the momentum of an underwater investigator, looking in and under every rock table and ledge. He glides to the end of our "Star Wars" ravine and flips upside down to examine what appears to be a rounded stone monument placed on a perfectly carved flat stone pedestal. "C" cruises in right behind him, recording his flight on video. Memories of our first dive are certainly being documented on this second dive. This is the kind of challenge every diver wants.

Our trip to the Monuments of Yon-

guni had its drama but no low spots. Our tour leader Doug Bennett, owner of "Reef Encounters" on Okinawa, knows how to arrange for success. Gary and "C"s distinctively high level of diving expertise and calm approach to challenging situations was infectious to us all. Tony's electric enthusiasm for each moment kept the entire four days upbeat. What a great get-away and what a great way to live inside history.

If diving the Southern Islands of Okinawa and the Yonaguni Monuments interests you, call Doug Bennett at 011-81-098-968-4442. Doug can take care of your every need.

If you would like to see more of our adventure, log on to my homepage at www.geocities.com/pentagon7852.

For even more information you can contact me at my e-mail address of chandl32@marinemwr.or.jp